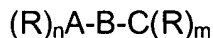


## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Original) A process for the oligomerisation of olefins which includes the step of contacting an olefinic feedstream with a catalyst system which includes the combination of:

- a transition metal compound; and
- a heteroatomic ligand described by the following general formula



where

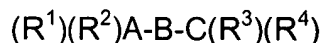
A and C are independently selected from the group consisting of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, oxygen, bismuth, sulphur, selenium and nitrogen;

B is a linking group between A and C;

the R groups are the same or different and each R is independently selected from a homo hydrocarbyl group and a heterohydrocarbyl group, and at least one R is substituted with a polar substituent; and

n and m for each R is independently determined by the respective valence and oxidation state of A and C; and

provided that where the heteroatomic ligand is described by the following general formula



wherein

A and C are independently selected from the group consisting of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, bismuth and nitrogen;

B is a linking group between A and C; and

each of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is independently selected from the group consisting of a non-aromatic group, an aromatic group, and a heteroaromatic group;

at least one of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , if aromatic is substituted with a polar substituent on a 2<sup>nd</sup> or further atom from the atom bound to A or C and provided that any polar substituents on  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , if they are aromatic, are not on the atom adjacent to the atom bound to A or C.

2. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the heteroatomic ligand is described by the following general formula  $(R^1)(R^2)A-B-C(R^3)(R^4)$  where A and C are independently selected from the group consisting of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, bismuth, and nitrogen; B is a linking group between A and C; and each of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is independently selected from the group consisting of a non-aromatic group, an aromatic group, and a heteroaromatic group.

3. (Original) The process as claimed in claim 2, wherein up to four of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  have substituents on the atom adjacent to the atom bound to A or C.

4. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 2, which is a tetramerisation process and wherein each of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is aromatic, including heteroaromatic, but not all of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are substituted by a substituent on an atom adjacent to the atom bound to A or C.

5. (Original) The process as claimed in claim 4, wherein not more than two of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  have substituents on the atom adjacent to the atom bound to A or C.

6. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 2 ~~[[to 5]]~~, wherein each polar substituent on one or more of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is electron donating.
7. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~either one of claims~~ claim 4 ~~[[or 5]]~~, wherein the feedstream includes an  $\alpha$ -olefin and the product stream includes at least 30% of a tetramerised  $\alpha$ -olefin monomer.
8. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 7, wherein the olefinic feedstream includes ethylene and the product stream includes at least 30% 1-octene.
9. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 8]]~~, wherein the olefinic feedstream includes ethylene and wherein the  $(C_6 + C_8) : (C_4 + C_{10})$  ratio in the product stream is more than 2.5:1.
10. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~either one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[or 4]]~~, wherein the olefinic feedstream includes ethylene and wherein the  $C_8 : C_6$  ratio in the product stream is more than 1.
11. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 10]]~~, wherein the pressure is greater than 100 kPa (1 barg).
12. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 8 ~~[[to 10]]~~, wherein ethylene is contacted with the catalyst system at a pressure of more than 1000 kPa (10 barg).
13. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 12]]~~, wherein A and/or C are a potential electron donor for coordination with the transition metal.

14. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 13]]~~, wherein B is selected from the group consisting of an organic linking group comprising a hydrocarbyl, a substituted hydrocarbyl, a hetero hydrocarbyl or a substituted hetero hydrocarbyl; an inorganic linking group comprising a single atom linking spacer; and a group comprising methylene, dimethylmethylene, 1,2-ethane, 1,2-phenylene, 1,2-propane, 1,2-catechol, 1,2-dimethylhydrazine, -B(R<sup>5</sup>)-, -Si(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-, -P(R<sup>5</sup>)- and -N(R<sup>5</sup>)- where R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, a hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl, a substituted heteroatom and a halogen.
15. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 14, wherein B is a single atom linking spacer.
16. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 14, wherein B is -N(R<sup>5</sup>)-, wherein R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the groups consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, halogen, nitro, alkoxycarbonyl, carbonyloxy, alkoxy, aminocarbonyl, carbonylamino, dialkylamino, silyl groups or derivatives thereof, and aryl substituted with any of these substituents.
17. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 16]]~~, wherein A and/or C is independently oxidised by S, Se, N or O, where the valence of A and/or C allows for such oxidation.
18. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 16]]~~, wherein A and C is independently phosphorous or phosphorous oxidised by S or Se or N or O.
19. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 2, wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of benzyl, phenyl, tolyl,

xylyl, mesityl, biphenyl, naphthyl, anthracenyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, tolyloxy, dimethylamino, diethylamino, methylethylamino, thiophenyl, pyridyl, thioethyl, thiophenoxy, trimethylsilyl, dimethylhydrazyl, methyl, ethyl, ethenyl, propyl, butyl, propenyl, propynyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, ferrocenyl and tetrahydrofuranyl group.

20. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the ligand is selected from the group consisting of (3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(isopropyl)P(3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(isopropyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(2-ethylhexyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (3-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(methyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub> and (4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(methyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (3-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(methyl)P(3-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl), (4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(methyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl), (3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub> and (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(1-cyclohexylethyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(2-methylcyclohexyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(decyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(pentyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(benzyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(phenyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-fluorophenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(4-fluorophenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (2-fluorophenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(2-fluorophenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-dimethylamino-phenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(4-dimethylamino-phenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(allyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-phenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(isopropyl)P(4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-phenyl)<sub>2</sub> and (4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(isopropyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub>.

21. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 20]]~~, wherein the catalyst system is prepared by combining in any order the heteroatomic ligand with the transition metal compound and an activator.
22. (Original) The process as claimed in claim 21, which includes the step of adding a pre-formed coordination complex, prepared using the heteroatomic ligand and the transition metal compound, to a reaction mixture containing the activator.
23. (Original) The process as claimed in claim 21, which includes the step of generating a heteroatomic coordination complex *in situ* from the transition metal compound and a heteroatomic ligand.
24. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of the claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 23]]~~, wherein the transition metal in the transition metal compound is selected from the group consisting of chromium, molybdenum, tungsten, titanium, tantalum, vanadium and zirconium.
25. (Original) The process as claimed in claim 24, wherein the transition metal is chromium.
26. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 25]]~~, wherein the transition metal compound is selected from the group consisting of an inorganic salt, an organic salt, a co-ordination complex and an organometallic complex.
27. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 26, wherein the transition metal compound is selected from the group consisting of chromium trichloride tris-tetrahydrofuran complex, (benzene)tricarbonyl chromium, chromium (III) octanoate,

chromium (III) acetylacetonate, chromium hexacarbonyl and chromium (III) 2-ethylhexanoate.

28. (Original) The process as claimed in claim 27, wherein the transition metal compound is selected from a complex selected from chromium (III) acetylacetonate and chromium (III) 2-ethylhexanoate.

29. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 1 ~~[[to 28]]~~, wherein the transition metal from the transition metal compound and the heteroatomic ligand are combined to provide a transition metal/ligand ratio from about 0.01:100 to 10 000:1.

30. (Currently amended) The process as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 21 ~~[[to 23]]~~, wherein the catalyst system includes an activator selected from the group consisting of an organoaluminium compound, an organoboron compound, an organic salt, such as methyllithium and methylmagnesium bromide, an inorganic acid and salt, such as tetrafluoroboric acid etherate, silver tetrafluoroborate and sodium hexafluoroantimonate.

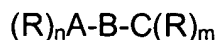
31. (Original) The process as claimed in claim 30, wherein the activator is an alkylaluminoxane.

32. (Original) The process as claimed in claim 31, wherein the transition metal compound and the aluminoxane are combined in proportions to provide an Al/transition metal ratio from about 1:1 to 10 000:1.

33. (Original) A tetramerisation catalyst system which includes the combination of:

- a transition metal compound; and

- a heteroatomic ligand described by the following general formula



where

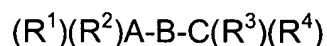
A and C are independently selected from the group consisting of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, oxygen, bismuth, sulphur, selenium and nitrogen;

B is a linking group between A and C;

the R groups are the same or different and each R is independently selected from a homo hydrocarbyl group and a heterohydrocarbyl group, and at least one R is substituted with a polar substituent; and

n and m for each R is independently determined by the respective valence and oxidation state of A and C; and

provided that where the heteroatomic ligand is described by the following general formula



wherein

A and C are independently selected from the group consisting of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, bismuth and nitrogen;

B is a linking group between A and C; and

each of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is independently selected from the group consisting of a non-aromatic group, an aromatic group, and a heteroaromatic group;

at least one of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , if aromatic is substituted with a polar substituent on a 2<sup>nd</sup> or further atom from the atom bound to A or C and provided that



any polar substituents on R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>, if they are aromatic, are not on the atom adjacent to the atom bound to A or C.

34. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 33, wherein the heteroatomic ligand is described by the following general formula (R<sup>1</sup>)(R<sup>2</sup>)A-B-C(R<sup>3</sup>)(R<sup>4</sup>) where A and C are independently selected from the group consisting of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, bismuth, and nitrogen; B is a linking group between A and C; and each of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of a non-aromatic group, an aromatic group, and a heteroaromatic group.

35. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 34, wherein each of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is aromatic, including heteroaromatic, but not all of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are substituted by an substituent on an atom adjacent to the atom bound to A or C.

36. (Original) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 35, wherein not more than two of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have substituents on the atom adjacent to the atom bound to A or C.

37. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 34 [[to 36]], wherein each polar substituent on one or more of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is electron donating.

38. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 33 [[to 37]], wherein A and/or C are a potential electron donor for coordination with the transition metal.

39. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 33 [[to 38]], wherein B is selected from the group consisting of an organic linking

group comprising a hydrocarbyl, a substituted hydrocarbyl, a hetero hydrocarbyl and a substituted hetero hydrocarbyl; an inorganic linking group comprising a single atom linking spacer; and a group comprising methylene, dimethylmethylene, 1,2-ethane, 1,2-phenylene, 1,2-propane, 1,2-catechol, 1,2-dimethylhydrazine,  $-B(R^5)-$ ,  $-Si(R^5)_2-$ ,  $-P(R^5)-$  and  $-N(R^5)-$  where  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl, a substituted heteroatom and a halogen.

40. (Original) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 39, wherein B is a single atom linking spacer.

41. (Original) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 39, wherein B is selected to be  $-N(R^5)-$ , wherein  $R^5$  is selected from the groups consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, halogen, nitro, alkoxycarbonyl, carbonyloxy, alkoxy, aminocarbonyl, carbonylamino, dialkylamino, silyl groups or derivatives thereof, and aryl substituted with any of these substituents.

42. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 33 ~~[[to 41]]~~, wherein A and/or C is independently oxidised by S, Se, N or O, where the valence of A and/or C allows for such oxidation.

43. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 33 ~~[[to 41]]~~, wherein A and C is independently phosphorus or phosphorus oxidised by S or Se or N or O.

44. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim ~~[[1 to 43]]~~33, wherein the ligand is selected from the group consisting of (3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(isopropyl)P(3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-

methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(isopropyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(2-ethylhexyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (3-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(methyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub> and (4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(methyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (3-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(methyl)P(3-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl), (4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(methyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl), (3-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub> and (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(1-cyclohexylethyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(2-methylcyclohexyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(decyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(pentyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(benzyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(phenyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-fluorophenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(4-fluorophenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (2-fluorophenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(2-fluorophenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-dimethylamino-phenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(methyl)P(4-dimethylamino-phenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(allyl)P(4-methoxyphenyl)<sub>2</sub>, (4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-phenyl)<sub>2</sub>PN(isopropyl)P(4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-phenyl)<sub>2</sub> and (4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)PN(isopropyl)P(phenyl)<sub>2</sub>.

45. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of the claims~~ claim 33 ~~[[to 44]]~~, wherein the transition metal in the transition metal compound is selected from the group consisting of chromium, molybdenum, tungsten, titanium, tantalum, vanadium and zirconium.

46. (Original) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 45, wherein the transition metal is chromium.

47. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 33 ~~[[to 46]]~~, wherein the transition metal compound is selected from the group

consisting of an inorganic salt, an organic salt, a co-ordination complex and an organometallic complex.

48. (Original) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 47, wherein the transition metal compound is selected from the group consisting of chromium trichloride tris-tetrahydrofuran complex, (benzene)tricarbonyl chromium, chromium (III) octanoate, chromium (III) acetylacetonate, chromium hexacarbonyl, and chromium (III) 2-ethylhexanoate.

49. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~of~~ claim 48, wherein the transition metal is selected from a complex selected from chromium (III) acetylacetonate and chromium (III) 2-ethylhexanoate.

50. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 33 ~~[[to 49]]~~, wherein the transition metal from the transition metal compound and the heteroatomic ligand are combined to provide a transition metal/ligand ratio from about 0.01:100 to 10 000:1.

51. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in ~~any one of claims~~ claim 33 ~~[[to 50]]~~, which includes an activator.

52. (Original) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 51, wherein the activator is selected from the group consisting of an organoaluminium compound, an organoboron compound, an organic salt, such as methyllithium and methylmagnesium bromide, an inorganic acid and salt, such as tetrafluoroboric acid etherate, silver tetrafluoroborate and sodium hexafluoroantimonate.

53. (Original) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 52, wherein the activator is an alkylaluminoxane.

54. (Original) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 53, wherein the alkylaluminumoxane is selected from the group consisting of methylaluminumoxane (MAO), ethylaluminumoxane (EAO) modified alkylaluminumoxanes (MMAO), and mixtures thereof.

55. (Currently amended) The catalyst system as claimed in claim 53 or ~~claim 54~~, wherein the transition metal and the aluminumoxane are combined in proportions to provide an Al/transition metal ratio from about 1:1 to 10 000:1.

56.-57.(Cancelled).